Initiative Measure No. 1166 filed April 21, 2011

LTC VERSION 9 (I-2436.1/11) Final

AN ACT Relating to restoring long-term care services for eligible elderly and persons with disabilities; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050; adding new sections to chapter 74.39A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 18.88B RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 18.88B.020, 18.88B.030, 18.88B.040, 74.39A.009, 74.39A.050, 74.39A.055, 74.39A.073, 74.39A.075, 74.39A.085, 74.39A.260, 74.39A.310, 74.39A.330, 74.39A.340, 74.39A.350, and 82.08.0273; providing an effective date; and providing contingent effective dates.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) It is the intent of the people through this initiative to protect vulnerable elderly and people with disabilities by reinstating the requirement that all long-term care workers obtain criminal background checks and adequate training. It is the further intent of the people to restore access to safe, quality care for the vulnerable elderly and persons with disabilities by reversing cuts to the home care program enacted in 2010. The people of the state of Washington find that the governor and state legislature have adopted budget cuts that deprive vulnerable elderly and persons with disabilities of the long-term care that they need to remain living in their homes, rather than being forced to move into nursing homes. Providing these services is a sound investment for Washington taxpayers, who would otherwise be forced to incur much higher costs for nursing home care.

(2) To protect vulnerable elderly and persons with disabilities during this budget crisis, the people intend to restore the cuts to the long-term care system by extending the sales tax to out-of-state residents and debt collection services. Taxpayers' investment will be

protected by requiring regular program audits, including fraud investigations, and capping administrative expenses.

PART I

PROTECTING VULNERABLE ELDERLY AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BY REINSTATING CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS FOR LONG-TERM CARE WORKERS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) All long-term care workers for the elderly or persons with disabilities hired after January 1, 2012, shall be screened through state and federal background checks in a uniform and timely manner to ensure that they do not have a criminal history that would disqualify them from working with vulnerable persons. These background checks shall include checking against the federal bureau of investigation fingerprint identification records system and against the national sex offenders registry or their successor programs. The department shall require these long-term care workers to submit fingerprints for the purpose of investigating conviction records through both the Washington state patrol and the federal bureau of investigation.
- (2) To allow the department of health to satisfy its certification responsibilities under chapter 18.88B RCW, the department shall share state and federal background check results with the department of health. Neither department may share the federal background check results with any other state agency or person.
- (3) The department shall not pass on the cost of these criminal background checks to the workers or their employers.
- (4) The department shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section by August 1, 2010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

The department must perform criminal background checks for individual providers and prospective individual providers and ensure that the authority has ready access to any long-term care abuse and neglect registry used by the department. Individual providers who are hired after January 1, 2012, are subject to background checks under RCW 74.39A.055.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 18.88B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Effective January 1, 2011, except as provided in RCW 18.88B.040, the department of health shall require that any person hired as a long-term care worker for the elderly or persons with disabilities must be certified as a home care aide within one hundred fifty days from the date of being hired.
- (2) Except as provided in RCW 18.88B.040, certification as a home care aide requires both completion of seventy-five hours of training and successful completion of a certification examination pursuant to RCW 74.39A.073 and 18.88B.030.
- (3) No person may practice or, by use of any title or description, represent himself or herself as a certified home care aide without being certified pursuant to this chapter.
- (4) The department of health shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 18.88B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Effective January 1, 2011, except as provided in RCW 18.88B.040, the department of health shall require that all long-term care workers successfully complete a certification examination. Any long-term care worker failing to make the required grade for the examination will not be certified as a home care aide.
- (2) The department of health, in consultation with consumer and worker representatives, shall develop a home care aide certification examination to evaluate whether an applicant possesses the skills and knowledge necessary to practice competently. Unless excluded by RCW

- 18.88B.040 (1) and (2), only those who have completed the training requirements in RCW 74.39A.073 shall be eligible to sit for this examination.
- (3) The examination shall include both a skills demonstration and a written or oral knowledge test. The examination papers, all grading of the papers, and records related to the grading of skills demonstration shall be preserved for a period of not less than one year. The department of health shall establish rules governing the number of times and under what circumstances individuals who have failed the examination may sit for the examination, including whether any intermediate remedial steps should be required.
- (4) All examinations shall be conducted by fair and wholly impartial methods. The certification examination shall be administered and evaluated by the department of health or by a contractor to the department of health that is neither an employer of long-term care workers or private contractors providing training services under this chapter.
 - (5) The department of health has the authority to:
- (a) Establish forms, procedures, and examinations necessary to certify home care aides pursuant to this chapter;
- (b) Hire clerical, administrative, and investigative staff as needed to implement this section;
- (c) Issue certification as a home care aide to any applicant who has successfully completed the home care aide examination;
- (d) Maintain the official record of all applicants and persons with certificates;
- (e) Exercise disciplinary authority as authorized in chapter 18.130 RCW; and
- (f) Deny certification to applicants who do not meet training, competency examination, and conduct requirements for certification.
- (6) The department of health shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, that establish the procedures, including criteria for reviewing an applicant's state and federal background checks, and examinations necessary to carry this section into effect.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 18.88B RCW to read as follows:

The following long-term care workers are not required to become a certified home care aide pursuant to this chapter.

- (1) Registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, certified nursing assistants or persons who are in an approved training program for certified nursing assistants under chapter 18.88A RCW, medicarecertified home health aides, or other persons who hold a similar health credential, as determined by the secretary of health, or persons with special education training and an endorsement granted by the superintendent of public instruction, as described in RCW 28A.300.010, if the secretary of health determines that the circumstances do not require certification. Individuals exempted by this subsection may obtain certification as a home care aide from the department of health without fulfilling the training requirements in RCW 74.39A.073 but must successfully complete a certification examination pursuant to RCW 18.88B.030.
- (2) A person already employed as a long-term care worker prior to January 1, 2011, who completes all of his or her training requirements in effect as of the date he or she was hired, is not required to obtain certification. Individuals exempted by this subsection may obtain certification as a home care aide from the department of health without fulfilling the training requirements in RCW 74.39A.073 but must successfully complete a certification examination pursuant to RCW 18.88B.030.
- (3) All long-term care workers employed by supported living providers are not required to obtain certification under this chapter.
- (4) An individual provider caring only for his or her biological, step, or adoptive child or parent is not required to obtain certification under this chapter.
- (5) Prior to June 30, 2014, a person hired as an individual provider who provides twenty hours or less of care for one person in any calendar month is not required to obtain certification under this chapter.

- (6) A long-term care worker exempted by this section from the training requirements contained in RCW 74.39A.073 may not be prohibited from enrolling in training pursuant to that section.
- (7) The department of health shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

The department's system of quality improvement for long-term care services shall use the following principles, consistent with applicable federal laws and regulations:

- (1) The system shall be client-centered and promote privacy, independence, dignity, choice, and a home or home-like environment for consumers consistent with chapter 392, Laws of 1997.
- (2) The goal of the system is continuous quality improvement with the focus on consumer satisfaction and outcomes for consumers. This includes that when conducting licensing or contract inspections, the department shall interview an appropriate percentage of residents, family members, resident case managers, and advocates in addition to interviewing providers and staff.
- (3) Providers should be supported in their efforts to improve quality and address identified problems initially through training, consultation, technical assistance, and case management.
- (4) The emphasis should be on problem prevention both in monitoring and in screening potential providers of service.
- (5) Monitoring should be outcome based and responsive to consumer complaints and based on a clear set of health, quality of care, and safety standards that are easily understandable and have been made available to providers, residents, and other interested parties.
- (6) Prompt and specific enforcement remedies shall also be implemented without delay, pursuant to RCW 74.39A.080, RCW 70.128.160, chapter 18.51 RCW, or chapter 74.42 RCW, for providers found to have delivered care or failed to deliver care resulting in problems that are serious, recurring, or uncorrected, or that create a hazard that is causing or likely to cause death or serious harm to one or more

- residents. These enforcement remedies may also include, when appropriate, reasonable conditions on a contract or license. In the selection of remedies, the safety, health, and well-being of residents shall be of paramount importance.
- (7) All long-term care workers shall be screened through background checks in a uniform and timely manner to ensure that they do not have a criminal history that would disqualify them from working with vulnerable persons. Long-term care workers who are hired after January 1, 2012, are subject to background checks under RCW 74.39A.055. This information will be shared with the department of health in accordance with RCW 74.39A.055 to advance the purposes of chapter 2, Laws of 2009.
- (8) No provider, or its staff, or long-term care worker, or prospective provider or long-term care worker, with a stipulated finding of fact, conclusion of law, an agreed order, or finding of fact, conclusion of law, or final order issued by a disciplining authority, a court of law, or entered into a state registry finding him or her guilty of abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment of a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in chapter 74.34 RCW shall be employed in the care of and have unsupervised access to vulnerable adults.
- (9) The department shall establish, by rule, a state registry which contains identifying information about long-term care workers identified under this chapter who have substantiated findings of abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or abandonment of a vulnerable adult as defined in RCW 74.34.020. The rule must include disclosure, disposition of findings, notification, findings of fact, appeal rights, and fair hearing requirements. The department shall disclose, upon request, substantiated findings of abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or abandonment to any person so requesting this information. This information will also be shared with the department of health to advance the purposes of chapter 2, Laws of 2009.
- (10) Until December 31, 2010, individual providers and home care agency providers must satisfactorily complete department-approved orientation, basic training, and continuing education within the time

period specified by the department in rule. The department shall adopt rules by March 1, 2002, for the implementation of this section. The department shall deny payment to an individual provider or a home care provider who does not complete the training requirements within the time limit specified by the department by rule.

- (11) Until December 31, 2010, in an effort to improve access to training and education and reduce costs, especially for rural communities, the coordinated system of long-term care training and education must include the use of innovative types of learning strategies such as internet resources, videotapes, and distance learning using satellite technology coordinated through community colleges or other entities, as defined by the department.
- (12) The department shall create an approval system by March 1, 2002, for those seeking to conduct department-approved training.
- (13) The department shall establish, by rule, background checks and other quality assurance requirements for long-term care workers who provide in-home services funded by medicaid personal care as described in RCW 74.09.520, community options program entry system waiver services as described in RCW 74.39A.030, or chore services as described in RCW 74.39A.110 that are equivalent to requirements for individual providers. Long-term care workers who are hired after January 1, 2012, are subject to background checks under RCW 74.39A.055.
- (14) Under existing funds the department shall establish internally a quality improvement standards committee to monitor the development of standards and to suggest modifications.
- (15) Within existing funds, the department shall design, develop, and implement a long-term care training program that is flexible, relevant, and qualifies towards the requirements for a nursing assistant certificate as established under chapter 18.88A RCW. This subsection does not require completion of the nursing assistant certificate training program by providers or their staff. The long-term care teaching curriculum must consist of a fundamental module, or modules, and a range of other available relevant training modules that provide the caregiver with appropriate options that assist in meeting

the resident's care needs. Some of the training modules may include, but are not limited to, specific training on the special care needs of persons with developmental disabilities, dementia, mental illness, and the care needs of the elderly. No less than one training module must be dedicated to workplace violence prevention. The nursing care quality assurance commission shall work together with the department to develop the curriculum modules. The nursing care quality assurance commission shall direct the nursing assistant training programs to accept some or all of the skills and competencies from the curriculum modules towards meeting the requirements for a nursing assistant certificate as defined in chapter 18.88A RCW. A process may be developed to test persons completing modules from a caregiver's class to verify that they have the transferable skills and competencies for entry into a nursing assistant training program. The department may review whether facilities can develop their own related long-term care The department may develop a review process for training programs. determining what previous experience and training may be used to waive some or all of the mandatory training. The department of social and health services and the nursing care quality assurance commission shall work together to develop an implementation plan by December 12, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Effective January 1, 2011, except as provided in RCW 18.88B.040, all persons employed as long-term care workers for the elderly or persons with disabilities must meet the minimum training requirements in this section within one hundred twenty calendar days of employment.
- (2) All persons employed as long-term care workers must obtain seventy-five hours of entry-level training approved by the department. A long-term care worker must accomplish five of these seventy-five hours before becoming eligible to provide care.
- (3) Training required by subsection (4)(c) of this section will be applied towards training required under RCW 18.20.270 or 70.128.230 as

well as any statutory or regulatory training requirements for longterm care workers employed by supportive living providers.

- (4) Only training curriculum approved by the department may be used to fulfill the training requirements specified in this section. The seventy-five hours of entry-level training required shall be as follows:
- (a) Before a long-term care worker is eligible to provide care, he or she must complete two hours of orientation training regarding his or her role as caregiver and the applicable terms of employment;
- (b) Before a long-term care worker is eligible to provide care, he or she must complete three hours of safety training, including basic safety precautions, emergency procedures, and infection control; and
- (c) All long-term care workers must complete seventy hours of long-term care basic training, including training related to core competencies and population specific competencies.
 - (5) The department shall only approve training curriculum that:
- (a) Has been developed with input from consumer and worker representatives; and
- (b) Requires comprehensive instruction by qualified instructors on the competencies and training topics in this section.
- (6) Individual providers under RCW 74.39A.270 shall be compensated for training time required by this section.
- (7) The department of health shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section.
- (8) The department shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement subsections (4) and (5) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

(1) Effective January 1, 2011, a biological, step, or adoptive parent who is the individual provider only for his or her developmentally disabled son or daughter must receive twelve hours of training relevant to the needs of adults with developmental disabilities within the first one hundred twenty days of becoming an individual provider.

- (2) Effective January 1, 2011, individual providers identified in (a) and (b) of this subsection must complete thirty-five hours of training within the first one hundred twenty days of becoming an individual provider. Five of the thirty-five hours must be completed before becoming eligible to provide care. Two of these five hours shall be devoted to an orientation training regarding an individual provider's role as caregiver and the applicable terms of employment, and three hours shall be devoted to safety training, including basic safety precautions, emergency procedures, and infection control. Individual providers subject to this requirement include:
- (a) An individual provider caring only for his or her biological, step, or adoptive child or parent unless covered by subsection (1) of this section; and
- (b) Before January 1, 2014, a person hired as an individual provider who provides twenty hours or less of care for one person in any calendar month.
- (3) Only training curriculum approved by the department may be used to fulfill the training requirements specified in this section. The department shall only approve training curriculum that:
- (a) Has been developed with input from consumer and worker representatives; and
 - (b) Requires comprehensive instruction by qualified instructors.
- (4) The department shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The department shall deny payment to any individual provider of home care services who has not been certified by the department of health as a home care aide as required under chapter 2, Laws of 2009 or, if exempted from certification by RCW 18.88B.040, has not completed his or her required training pursuant to chapter 2, Laws of 2009.
- (2) The department may terminate the contract of any individual provider of home care services, or take any other enforcement measure

deemed appropriate by the department if the individual provider's certification is revoked under chapter 2, Laws of 2009 or, if exempted from certification by RCW 18.88B.040, has not completed his or her required training pursuant to chapter 2, Laws of 2009.

- (3) The department shall take appropriate enforcement action related to the contract of a private agency or facility licensed by the state, to provide personal care services, other than an individual provider, who knowingly employs a long-term care worker who is not a certified home care aide as required under chapter 2, Laws of 2009 or, if exempted from certification by RCW 18.88B.040, has not completed his or her required training pursuant to chapter 2, Laws of 2009.
- (4) Chapter 34.05 RCW shall govern actions by the department under this section.
- (5) The department shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The department shall create a formula that converts the cost of the increase in wages and benefits negotiated and funded in the contract for individual providers of home care services pursuant to RCW 74.39A.270 and 74.39A.300, into a per-hour amount, excluding those benefits defined in subsection (2) of this section. That per-hour amount shall be added to the statewide home care agency vendor rate and shall be used exclusively for improving the wages and benefits of home care agency workers who provide direct care. The formula shall account for:
- (a) All types of wages, benefits, and compensation negotiated and funded each biennium, including but not limited to:
 - (i) Regular wages;
 - (ii) Benefit pay, such as vacation, sick, and holiday pay;
 - (iii) Taxes on wages/benefit pay;
 - (iv) Mileage; and
 - (v) Contributions to a training partnership; and

- (b) The increase in the average cost of worker's compensation for home care agencies and application of the increases identified in (a) of this subsection to all hours required to be paid, including travel time, of direct service workers under the wage and hour laws and associated employer taxes.
- (2) The contribution rate for health care benefits, including but not limited to medical, dental, and vision benefits, for eligible agency home care workers shall be paid by the department to home care agencies at the same rate as negotiated and funded in the collective bargaining agreement for individual providers of home care services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

Long-term care workers shall be offered on-the-job training or peer mentorship for at least one hour per week in the first ninety days of work from a long-term care worker who has completed at least twelve hours of mentor training and is mentoring no more than ten other workers at any given time. This requirement applies to long-term care workers who begin work on or after July 1, 2011.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The department of health shall ensure that all long-term care workers shall complete twelve hours of continuing education training in advanced training topics each year. This requirement applies beginning on July 1, 2011.
- (2) Completion of continuing education as required in this section is a prerequisite to maintaining home care aide certification under chapter 2, Laws of 2009.
- (3) Unless voluntarily certified as a home care aide under chapter 2, Laws of 2009, subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:
- (a) An individual provider caring only for his or her biological, step, or adoptive child; and

- (b) Before June 30, 2014, a person hired as an individual provider who provides twenty hours or less of care for one person in any calendar month.
- (4) Only training curriculum approved by the department may be used to fulfill the training requirements specified in this section. The department shall only approve training curriculum that:
- (a) Has been developed with input from consumer and worker representatives; and
 - (b) Requires comprehensive instruction by qualified instructors.
- (5) Individual providers under RCW 74.39A.270 shall be compensated for training time required by this section.
- (6) The department of health shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section.
- (7) The department shall adopt rules by August 1, 2010, to implement subsection (4) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

The department shall offer, directly or through contract, training opportunities sufficient for a long-term care worker to accumulate seventy hours of training within a reasonable time period. providers represented by an exclusive individual representative under RCW 74.39A.270, the training opportunities shall be offered through the training partnership established under RCW 74.39A.360. Training topics shall include, but are not limited to: Client rights; personal care; mental illness; dementia; developmental disabilities; depression; medication assistance; communication skills; positive client behavior support; developing or improving client-centered activities; dealing with wandering or aggressive client behaviors; medical conditions; nurse delegation core training; peer mentor training; and advocacy for quality care training. The department may not require long-term care workers to obtain the training described in this section. This requirement to offer advanced training applies beginning January 1, 2012.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Adult family home" means a home licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW.
- (2) "Adult residential care" means services provided by a boarding home that is licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW and that has a contract with the department under RCW 74.39A.020 to provide personal care services.
- (3) "Assisted living services" means services provided by a boarding home that has a contract with the department under RCW 74.39A.010 to provide personal care services, intermittent nursing services, and medication administration services, and the resident is housed in a private apartment-like unit.
- (4) "Boarding home" means a facility licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW.
- (5) "Core competencies" means basic training topics, including but not limited to, communication skills, worker self-care, problem solving, maintaining dignity, consumer directed care, cultural sensitivity, body mechanics, fall prevention, skin and body care, long-term care worker roles and boundaries, supporting activities of daily living, and food preparation and handling.
- (6) "Cost-effective care" means care provided in a setting of an individual's choice that is necessary to promote the most appropriate level of physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being consistent with client choice, in an environment that is appropriate to the care and safety needs of the individual, and such care cannot be provided at a lower cost in any other setting. But this in no way precludes an individual from choosing a different residential setting to achieve his or her desired quality of life.
- (7) "Department" means the department of social and health services.
- (8) "Developmental disability" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

- (9) "Direct care worker" means a paid caregiver who provides direct, hands-on personal care services to persons with disabilities or the elderly requiring long-term care.
- (10) "Enhanced adult residential care" means services provided by a boarding home that is licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW and that has a contract with the department under RCW 74.39A.010 to provide personal care services, intermittent nursing services, and medication administration services.
- (11) "Functionally disabled person" or "person who is functionally disabled" is synonymous with chronic functionally disabled and means a person who because of a recognized chronic physical or mental condition or disease, or developmental disability, including chemical dependency, is impaired to the extent of being dependent upon others for direct care, support, supervision, or monitoring to perform activities of daily living. "Activities of daily living", in this context, means self-care abilities related to personal care such as bathing, eating, using the toilet, dressing, and transfer. Instrumental activities of daily living may also be used to assess a person's functional abilities as they are related to the mental capacity to perform activities in the home and the community such as cooking, shopping, house cleaning, doing laundry, working, and managing personal finances.
- (12) "Home and community services" means adult family homes, inhome services, and other services administered or provided by contract by the department directly or through contract with area agencies on aging or similar services provided by facilities and agencies licensed by the department.
- (13) "Home care aide" means a long-term care worker who has obtained certification as a home care aide by the department of health.
 - (14) "Individual provider" is defined according to RCW 74.39A.240.
- (15) "Long-term care" is synonymous with chronic care and means care and supports delivered indefinitely, intermittently, or over a sustained time to persons of any age disabled by chronic mental or physical illness, disease, chemical dependency, or a medical condition

that is permanent, not reversible or curable, or is long-lasting and severely limits their mental or physical capacity for self-care. The use of this definition is not intended to expand the scope of services, care, or assistance by any individuals, groups, residential care settings, or professions unless otherwise expressed by law.

- (16) (a) "Long-term care workers for the elderly or persons with disabilities" or "long-term care workers" includes all persons who are long-term care workers for the elderly or persons with disabilities, including but not limited to individual providers of home care services, direct care employees of home care agencies, providers of home care services to persons with developmental disabilities under Title 71 RCW, all direct care workers in state-licensed boarding homes, assisted living facilities, and adult family homes, respite care providers, community residential service providers, and any other direct care worker providing home or community-based services to the elderly or persons with functional disabilities or developmental disabilities.
- (b) "Long-term care workers" do not include: (i) Persons employed by the following facilities or agencies: Nursing homes subject to chapter 18.51 RCW, hospitals or other acute care settings, residential habilitation centers under chapter 71A.20 RCW, facilities certified under 42 C.F.R., Part 483, hospice agencies subject to chapter 70.127 RCW, adult day care centers, and adult day health care centers; or (ii) persons who are not paid by the state or by a private agency or facility licensed by the state to provide personal care services.
- (17) "Nursing home" means a facility licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW.
- (18) "Personal care services" means physical or verbal assistance with activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living provided because of a person's functional disability.
- (19) "Population specific competencies" means basic training topics unique to the care needs of the population the long-term care worker is serving, including but not limited to, mental health, dementia, developmental disabilities, young adults with physical disabilities, and older adults.

- (20) "Qualified instructor" means a registered nurse or other person with specific knowledge, training, and work experience in the provision of direct, hands-on personal care and other assistance services to the elderly or persons with disabilities requiring long-term care.
- (21) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.
- (22) "Secretary of health" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
- (23) "Training partnership" means a joint partnership or trust that includes the office of the governor and the exclusive bargaining representative of individual providers under RCW 74.39A.270 with the capacity to provide training, peer mentoring, and workforce development, or other services to individual providers.
- (24) "Tribally licensed boarding home" means a boarding home licensed by a federally recognized Indian tribe which home provides services similar to boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 18.88B.020 (Certification requirements) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 18, & 2009 c 2 s 4;
- (2) RCW 18.88B.030 (Certification examinations) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 4, & 2009 c 2 s 6;
- (3) RCW 18.88B.040 (Exemptions from training requirements) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2010 c 169 s 11, 2009 c 580 s 15, & 2009 c 2 s 7;
- (4) RCW 74.39A.009 (Definitions) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 1, 2009 c 2 s 2, 2007 c 361 s 2, 2004 c 142 s 14, & 1997 c 392 s 103;
- (5) RCW 74.39A.050 (Quality improvement principles) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 7, 2009 c 2 s 14, 2004 c 140 s 6, 2000 c 121 s 10, 1999 c 336 s 5, 1998 c 85 s 1, 1997 c 392 s 209, & 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 12;
- (6) RCW 74.39A.055 (Criminal history checks on long-term care workers) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 2, & 2009 c 2 s 3;

- (7) RCW 74.39A.073 (Training requirements for long-term care workers) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 10, & 2009 c 2 s 5;
- (8) RCW 74.39A.075 (Training requirements for individual providers caring for family members) and 2011 c \dots s \dots , 2009 c 580 s 11, & 2009 c 2 s 8;
- (9) RCW 74.39A.085 (Enforcement actions against persons not certified as home care aides and their employers) and 2011 c \dots s \dots , 2009 c 580 s 14, & 2009 c 2 s 12;
- (10) RCW 74.39A.260 (Department duties--Criminal background checks on individual providers) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 9, & 2002 c 3 s 5;
- (11) RCW 74.39A.310 (Contract for individual home care services providers--Cost of increase in wages and benefits funded--Formula) and 2011 c \dots s \dots , 2007 c 361 s 8, & 2006 c 9 s 1;
- (12) RCW 74.39A.330 (Peer mentoring) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 478 s 1, & 2007 c 361 s 3;
- (13) RCW 74.39A.340 (Continuing education requirements for long-term care workers) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 12, 2009 c 2 s 9, & 2007 c 361 s 4; and
- (14) RCW 74.39A.350 (Advanced training) and 2011 c ... s ..., 2009 c 580 s 13, 2009 c 2 s 10, & 2007 c 361 s 5.

PART II

RESTORING FUNDING FOR IN-HOME CARE BY EXTENDING THE SALES TAX TO NONRESIDENTS AND DEBT COLLECTION SERVICES

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 201.** The people of the state of Washington intend to restore funding for in-home care for eligible elderly and persons with disabilities by extending the sales tax to nonresidents and debt collection services.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 202.** RCW 82.08.0273 (Exemptions--Sales to nonresidents of tangible personal property, digital goods, and digital codes for use outside the state--Proof of nonresident status--

Penalties) and 2011 c 7 s 1, 2010 c 106 s 215, 2009 c 535 s 512, 2007 c 135 s 2, 2003 c 53 s 399, 1993 c 444 s 1, 1988 c 96 s 1, 1982 1st ex.s. c 5 s 1, & 1980 c 37 s 39 are each repealed.

- Sec. 203. RCW 82.04.050 and 2010 c 112 s 14, 2010 c 111 s 201,
 and 2010 c 106 s 202 are each reenacted and amended to read as
 follows:
- (1) (a) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means every sale of tangible personal property (including articles produced, fabricated, or imprinted) to all persons irrespective of the nature of their business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than a sale to a person who:
- (i) Purchases for the purpose of resale as tangible personal property in the regular course of business without intervening use by such person, but a purchase for the purpose of resale by a regional transit authority under RCW 81.112.300 is not a sale for resale; or
- (ii) Installs, repairs, cleans, alters, imprints, improves, constructs, or decorates real or personal property of or for consumers, if such tangible personal property becomes an ingredient or component of such real or personal property without intervening use by such person; or
- (iii) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing for sale as a new article of tangible personal property or substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component or is a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced for sale; or
- (iv) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon; or

- (v) Purchases for the purpose of providing the property to consumers as part of competitive telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065; or
- (vi) Purchases for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in subsection (7) of this section, if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person.
- (b) The term includes every sale of tangible personal property that is used or consumed or to be used or consumed in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property is resold or used as provided in (a)(i) through (vi) of this subsection following such use.
- (c) The term also means every sale of tangible personal property to persons engaged in any business that is taxable under RCW 82.04.280 (1), (2), and (7), 82.04.290, and 82.04.2908.
- (2) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes the sale of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed and/or for labor and services rendered in respect to the following:
- (a) The installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, or improving of tangible personal property of or for consumers, including charges made for the mere use of facilities in respect thereto, but excluding charges made for the use of self-service laundry facilities, and also excluding sales of laundry service to nonprofit health care facilities, and excluding services rendered in respect to live animals, birds and insects;
- (b) The constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for consumers, including the installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation, and also includes the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth excepting the mere leveling of land used in commercial farming or agriculture;

- (c) The constructing, repairing, or improving of any structure upon, above, or under any real property owned by an owner who conveys the property by title, possession, or any other means to the person performing such construction, repair, or improvement for the purpose of performing such construction, repair, or improvement and the property is then reconveyed by title, possession, or any other means to the original owner;
- (d) The cleaning, fumigating, razing, or moving of existing buildings or structures, but does not include the charge made for janitorial services; and for purposes of this section the term "janitorial services" means those cleaning and caretaking services ordinarily performed by commercial janitor service businesses including, but not limited to, wall and window washing, floor cleaning and waxing, and the cleaning in place of rugs, drapes and upholstery. The term "janitorial services" does not include painting, papering, repairing, furnace or septic tank cleaning, snow removal or sandblasting;
- (e) Automobile towing and similar automotive transportation services, but not in respect to those required to report and pay taxes under chapter 82.16 RCW;
- (f) The furnishing of lodging and all other services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property, and it is presumed that the occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to use or enjoy the same. For the purposes of this subsection, it is presumed that the sale of and charge made for the furnishing of lodging for a continuous period of one month or more to a person is a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to enjoy the same;
- (g) The installing, repairing, altering, or improving of digital goods for consumers;
- (h) Persons taxable under (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this subsection when such sales or charges are for property, labor and

services which are used or consumed in whole or in part by such persons in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property, labor and services may be resold after such use or consumption. Nothing contained in this subsection may be construed to modify subsection (1) of this section and nothing contained in subsection (1) of this section may be construed to modify this subsection.

- (3) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes the sale of or charge made for personal, business, or professional services including amounts designated as interest, rents, fees, admission, and other service emoluments however designated, received by persons engaging in the following business activities:
- (a) Amusement and recreation services including but not limited to golf, pool, billiards, skating, bowling, ski lifts and tows, day trips for sightseeing purposes, and others, when provided to consumers;
 - (b) Abstract, title insurance, and escrow services;
 - (c) Credit bureau services;
 - (d) Automobile parking and storage garage services;
- (e) Landscape maintenance and horticultural services but excluding (i) horticultural services provided to farmers and (ii) pruning, trimming, repairing, removing, and clearing of trees and brush near electric transmission or distribution lines or equipment, if performed by or at the direction of an electric utility;
- (f) Service charges associated with tickets to professional sporting events; ((and))
- (g) The following personal services: Physical fitness services, tanning salon services, tattoo parlor services, steam bath services, turkish bath services, escort services, and dating services; and
- (h) Debt collection services, including account collections, bill collections, repossession, and other services related to debt collection.
- (4)(a) The term also includes the renting or leasing of tangible personal property to consumers.

- (b) The term does not include the renting or leasing of tangible personal property where the lease or rental is for the purpose of sublease or subrent.
- (5) The term also includes the providing of "competitive telephone service," "telecommunications service," or "ancillary services," as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, to consumers.
- (6) (a) The term also includes the sale of prewritten computer software to a consumer, regardless of the method of delivery to the end user. For purposes of this subsection (6)(a), the sale of prewritten computer software includes the sale of or charge made for a key or an enabling or activation code, where the key or code is required to activate prewritten computer software and put the software into use. There is no separate sale of the key or code from the prewritten computer software, regardless of how the sale may be characterized by the vendor or by the purchaser.

The term "retail sale" does not include the sale of or charge made for:

- (i) Custom software; or
- (ii) The customization of prewritten computer software.
- (b)(i) The term also includes the charge made to consumers for the right to access and use prewritten computer software, where possession of the software is maintained by the seller or a third party, regardless of whether the charge for the service is on a per use, per user, per license, subscription, or some other basis.
- (ii) (A) The service described in (b)(i) of this subsection (6) includes the right to access and use prewritten computer software to perform data processing.
- (B) For purposes of this subsection (6)(b)(ii), "data processing" means the systematic performance of operations on data to extract the required information in an appropriate form or to convert the data to usable information. Data processing includes check processing, image processing, form processing, survey processing, payroll processing, claim processing, and similar activities.
- (7) The term also includes the sale of or charge made for an extended warranty to a consumer. For purposes of this subsection,

"extended warranty" means an agreement for a specified duration to perform the replacement or repair of tangible personal property at no additional charge or a reduced charge for tangible personal property, labor, or both, or to provide indemnification for the replacement or repair of tangible personal property, based on the occurrence of specified events. The term "extended warranty" does not include an agreement, otherwise meeting the definition of extended warranty in this subsection, if no separate charge is made for the agreement and the value of the agreement is included in the sales price of the tangible personal property covered by the agreement. For purposes of this subsection, "sales price" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.010.

- (8) (a) The term also includes the following sales to consumers of digital goods, digital codes, and digital automated services:
- (i) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser the right of permanent use;
- (ii) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser a right of use that is less than permanent;
- (iii) Sales in which the purchaser is not obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale; and
- (iv) Sales in which the purchaser is obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale.
- (b) A retail sale of digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services under this subsection (8) includes any services provided by the seller exclusively in connection with the digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services, whether or not a separate charge is made for such services.
- (c) For purposes of this subsection, "permanent" means perpetual or for an indefinite or unspecified length of time. A right of permanent use is presumed to have been granted unless the agreement between the seller and the purchaser specifies or the circumstances surrounding the transaction suggest or indicate that the right to use terminates on the occurrence of a condition subsequent.
- (9) The term also includes the charge made for providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate

- period of time. A consideration of this is that the operator is necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection (9), an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property.
- (10) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the building, repairing, or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind.
- (11) The term also does not include sales of chemical sprays or washes to persons for the purpose of postharvest treatment of fruit for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay, nor does it include sales of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray materials to: (a) Persons who participate in the federal conservation reserve program, the environmental quality incentives program, the wetlands reserve program, and the wildlife habitat incentives program, or their successors administered by the United States department of agriculture; (b) farmers for the purpose of producing for sale any agricultural product; and (c) farmers acting under cooperative habitat development or access contracts with an organization exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code or the Washington state department of fish and wildlife to produce or improve wildlife habitat on land that the farmer owns or leases.
- (12) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the installing, or attaching of any article of tangible personal property

therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation. Nor does the term include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority. Nor does the term include the sale of services or charges made for cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other by-products of weapons production and nuclear research and development.

- (13) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for labor, services, or tangible personal property pursuant to agreements providing maintenance services for bus, rail, or rail fixed guideway equipment when a regional transit authority is the recipient of the labor, services, or tangible personal property, and a transit agency, as defined in RCW 81.104.015, performs the labor or services.
- (14) The term does not include the sale for resale of any service described in this section if the sale would otherwise constitute a "sale at retail" and "retail sale" under this section.

Sec. 204. All revenue generated from RCW NEW SECTION. 82.04.050(3) (h) and the repeal of the tax exemption in section 202 of this act must be deposited into the quality home care trust account created in section 402 of this act, and used solely to implement this act and to restore cuts to in-home care hours that were adopted in emergency rules codified at WSR 11-02-041 (filed December 30, 2010, effective January 1, 2011) as set forth in this section. Within sixty days of the effective date of this section, the state must restore sixty percent of the cuts to in-home care that were enacted through WSR 11-02-041 (filed December 30, 2010, effective January 1, 2011). The restoration of services is required even if the cuts originally enacted by WSR 11-02-041 have been readopted, recodified, or modified and regardless of the ongoing effect of WSR 11-02-041. Within fortyfive days of the effective date of this section, the department of social and health services must adopt emergency rules amending WAC 388-106-0125 to codify the restoration of these services, using the

same formula that it used to reduce in-home care hours. Any additional revenue generated by this act must be used to fund additional restoration of cuts to in-home care hours and for no other purpose.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. After in-home care hours are restored under section 204 of this act, the department of social and health services may not reduce in-home care hours to an eligible elderly or person with disabilities except as a result of an individualized reassessment of that individual's medical condition or need. The department may not reduce in-home care hours to eligible elderly or persons with disabilities based upon a classwide assistance adjustment for a group of eligible recipients.

PART III

PROTECTING TAXPAYERS BY REQUIRING ANNUAL INDEPENDENT AUDITS, INCREASING FRAUD INVESTIGATION, AND CAPPING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. The state auditor shall conduct performance audits of the long-term in-home care program. The first audit must be completed within twelve months after the effective date of this section, and must be completed on a biannual basis thereafter. As part of this auditing process, the state shall hire five additional fraud investigators to ensure that clients receiving services at taxpayers' expense are medically and financially qualified to receive the services and are actually receiving the services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. The people hereby establish limits on the percentage of tax revenues that can be used for administrative expenses in the long-term in-home care program. Within one hundred eighty days of the effective date of this section, the state shall prepare a plan to cap administrative expenses so that at least ninety percent of taxpayer spending must be devoted to direct care. This

limitation must be achieved within two years from the effective date of this section.

PART IV

PROTECTING TAXPAYERS BY ENSURING THAT FUNDING IS HELD IN TRUST AND DEVOTED TO THE IN-HOME CARE PROGRAM BUDGET

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. The people require that funding provided for in-home care is devoted to the in-home care budget and not diverted to other purposes. Funding provided by this act must be held in trust and restricted to the in-home care budget.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

The quality home care trust account is hereby created in the custody of the state treasurer. Revenue generated by this act must be placed in the quality home care trust account and used solely to fund the costs of implementing this act to restore quality in-home care for eligible elderly and persons with disabilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) If any provision of this act triggers changes to an agreement reached under RCW 74.39A.300, the changes must go into effect immediately without need for legislative approval.
- (2) The requirements contained in RCW 74.39A.300 and section 204 of this act constitute ministerial, mandatory, and nondiscretionary duties. Failure to fully perform such duties constitutes a violation of this act. Any person may bring an action to require the governor or other responsible persons to perform such duties. Such action may be brought in the superior court, at the petitioner's option, for (a) Thurston county, or (b) the county of the petitioner's residence or principal place of business, or such action may be filed directly with the supreme court, which is hereby given original jurisdiction over such action.

PART V

MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. (1) Sections 101 and 115(6) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.055 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.

- (2) Sections 102 and 115(10) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.260 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (3) Sections 103 and 115(1) of this act only take effect if RCW 18.88B.020 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (4) Sections 104 and 115(2) of this act only take effect if RCW 18.88B.030 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (5) Sections 105 and 115(3) of this act only take effect if RCW 18.88B.040 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (6) Sections 106 and 115(5) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.050 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (7) Sections 107 and 115(7) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.073 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (8) Sections 108 and 115(8) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.075 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (9) Sections 109 and 115(9) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.085 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (10) Sections 110 and 115(11) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.310 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (11) Sections 111 and 115(12) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.330 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (12) Sections 112 and 115(13) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.340 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (13) Sections 113 and 115(14) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.350 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.
- (14) Sections 114 and 115(4) of this act only take effect if RCW 74.39A.009 is amended or repealed by the legislature in 2011.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. The code reviser is directed to note in the Revised Code of Washington that sections 101 through 114 of this

act are versions of statutes existing prior to the 2011 regular legislative session as follows:

- (1) Section 101 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.055 and 2009 c 580 s 2;
- (2) Section 102 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.260 and 2009 c 580 s 9;
- (3) Section 103 of this act is the same language as RCW 18.88B.020 and 2009 c 580 s 18;
- (4) Section 104 of this act is the same language as RCW 18.88B.030 and 2009 c 580 s 4;
- (5) Section 105 of this act is the same language as RCW 18.88B.040 and 2010 c 169 s 11;
- (6) Section 106 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.050 and 2009 c 580 s 7;
- (7) Section 107 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.073 and 2009 c 580 s 10;
- (8) Section 108 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.075 and 2009 c 580 s 11;
- (9) Section 109 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.085 and 2009 c 580 s 14;
- (10) Section 110 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.310 and 2007 c 361 s 8;
- (11) Section 111 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.330 and 2009 c 478 s 1;
- (12) Section 112 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.340 and 2009 c 580 s 12;
- (13) Section 113 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.350 and 2009 c 580 s 13; and
- (14) Section 114 of this act is the same language as RCW 74.39A.009 and 2009 c 580 s 1.

If any of sections 101 through 114 of this act take effect, the code reviser is directed to codify such sections in the revised code of washington under the same statute number as previously used for such statute, as set forth in this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 503.** The provisions of this act are to be liberally construed to effectuate the intent, policies, and purposes of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 504.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. This act takes effect sixty days from its enactment by the people.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. This act may be known and cited as the restoring quality home care initiative.